



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

January 13, 2005

Mr. Robert R. Ray
Assistant City Attorney
City of Longview
P.O. Box 1952
Longview, Texas 75606-1952

OR2005-00434

Dear Mr. Ray:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 217033.

The City of Longview (the "city") received a request for a specified police report. You claim that some of the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.103, 552.108, and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

You have marked information in the submitted incident report that you contend is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code. Section 552.108(a) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if: (1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime." Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(A); *see also Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state that the submitted incident report relates to a case that is under review for prosecution by the Gregg County District Attorney's Office. We therefore understand you to represent that the incident report relates to a pending criminal investigation or prosecution. Based on your representations and our review, we determine that the release of the marked portions of the incident report would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. *See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), *writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases). We therefore find that the information you have marked is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code and may be

withheld.¹ We note that you have the discretion to release all or part of this information that is not otherwise confidential by law. Gov't Code § 552.007. Based on this finding, we do not reach your remaining claimed exceptions for this information.

Next, you have also marked information that you claim is excepted under section 552.130 of the Government Code. Section 552.130 of the Government Code provides in pertinent part:

(a) Information is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if the information relates to:

(1) a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state; [or]

(2) a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state[.]

Gov't Code § 552.130. We agree the city must withhold the Texas motor vehicle driver's license and registration information you have marked in the remainder of the documents pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code.

In summary, the city may withhold the information you have marked pursuant to section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code. The city may withhold the Texas motor vehicle information you have marked in the remaining information pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code. The remainder of the submitted documents must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within thirty calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the

¹ You state that "the requested case *has not yet* resulted in a conviction or deferred adjudication" (emphasis added). Section 552.108(a)(2) of the Government Code can apply to information that relates to an investigation "that *did not* result in a conviction or deferred adjudication." See Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(2) (emphasis added). Please note that the reference to conviction or deferred adjudication in section 552.108(a)(2) solely pertains to cases that have reached a final result and are concluded. In this case, because you seek to withhold information pertaining to a case that is ongoing, section 552.108(a)(1) is the proper exception for the city to raise.

full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within ten calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within ten calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within ten calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within ten calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'DRS', followed by a long horizontal line extending to the right.

David R. Saldivar
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

DRS/seg

Ref: ID# 217033

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. George Davis
1108 Rex Lane
Longview, Texas 75602
(w/o enclosures)